- 1 Congress OF THE United States
- 2 begun and held at the City of New-York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand
- 3 seven hundred and eighty nine.
- 4 THE Conventions of a number of the States, having at the time of their adopting the
- 5 Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers,
- 6 that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added: And as extending the ground
- 7 of public confidence in the Government, will best ensure the beneficent ends of its institution.
- 8 RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in
- 9 Congress assembled, two thirds of both Houses concurring, that the following Articles be
- 10 proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the
- 11 United States, all, or any of which Articles, when ratified by three fourths of the said
- 12 Legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of the said Constitution; viz.
- 13 ARTICLES in addition to, and Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of
- 14 America, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant
- 15 to the fifth Article of the original Constitution.
- 16 Article the first
- 17 Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free
- 18 exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people
- 19 peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.
- 20 Article the second
- 21 A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people
- 22 to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed.
- 23 Article the third

- 24 No soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner,
- 25 nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.
- 26 Article the fourth
- 27 The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against
- 28 unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon
- 29 probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be
- 30 searched, and the persons or things to be seized.
- 31 Article the fifth
- 32 No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a
- 33 presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces,
- 34 or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person
- 35 be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be
- 36 compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty,
- 37 or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use,
- 38 without just compensation.
- 39 Article the Sixth
- 40 In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by
- 41 an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which
- 42 district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and
- 43 cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory
- 44 process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his
- 45 defense.
- 46 Article the Seventh

PRIMARY SOURCE

BILL OF RIGHTS

- 47 In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right
- 48 of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise reexamined in
- 49 any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.
- 50 Article the Eighth
- 51 Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual
- 52 punishments inflicted.
- 53 Article the Nineth
- 54 The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or
- 55 disparage others retained by the people.
- 56 Article the Tenth
- 57 The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the
- 58 states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.